

# PENGUIN

## Installation & Maintenance

### Series P-HF HIGH FLOW VERTICAL PUMP

Penguin Pumps are designed to handle a large range of chemicals without difficulty. Completely constructed of CPVC where in contact with the solution being pumped, Series P-HF pumps have an upper working temperature of 180 degrees and thus can handle slurries, and most corrosive and abrasive solutions. Series P-HF pumps are easy to install and operate, and are virtually maintenance-free. All pumps have been tested for proper operation before leaving the factory. To obtain optimum service life, please follow all installation and operating instructions.

#### Models:

P-7 1/2-HF

P-10-HF

P-15-HF

#### Materials:

A - CPVC



Model P-7 1/2-HF

## Installation & Operating Instructions

### **ELECTRICAL**

All models are supplied with three phase dual voltage, 208-230/460V, 50/60c motors, which are not wired at the factory. When changing from 230V wiring to 460V wiring, follow the motor manufacturers wiring instructions, which can generally be found either on or in the motor junction box. Check rotation of external fan by removing splash shield, fan spins clockwise. It is imperative that the motor rotation be checked before operation. Attach leads to motor and bump start for a maximum of a couple of seconds as if you were turning a light switch on/off as fast as possible. Do not leave motor running. As viewed from the suction entrance of the pump, check for counterclockwise rotation. If clockwise rotation, change any two hot leads and again check rotation. Replace fan splash shield. Many options are available on the P-HF Series motors including larger horsepower to 15 and 575V motors. If any of these options are required, please check the motors carefully or consult the factory.

### **PLUMBING**

The suction side piping of the pump is extremely important. Mistakes can usually be compensated for if made on the discharge piping. However, piping problems on the suction side can be, and usually are, the source of ongoing problems. If a suction line or suction extension is required enlarge the suction line/extension by one size larger than the suction entrance. Never reduce plumbing on the suction. Avoid 90-degree elbows and never use a 180-degree elbow. The suction piping needs to be arranged in such a way as to allow a straight, even flow of liquid into the eye of the impeller. This requires that all elbows, valves, or strainers be located at a straight and uninterrupted distance equal to at least 5-10 times the pipe diameter. Remember, elbows create turbulence and air entrapment. Make sure every suction coupling/connection is airtight. The bottom of the suction extension should always be at least 2 pipe diameters above the bottom of the tank. In either flooded suction or non-flooded suction conditions, the use of a check valve on the discharge of the pump is recommended.

### **PLUMBING CONTINUATION**

In the case of a non-flooded suction, a flapper check valve on the end of the submerged suction line must be installed. To facilitate priming the pump, install a T-connection with a small valve between the pump case and check valve. It is advisable to use a discharge valve after the check valve. All plumbing and accessories must be supported other than by the pump, in order to prevent possible distortion of the pump case. The use of some hose in the discharge plumbing close to the discharge nozzle of the pump will absorb any movement of the solid plumbing if vibrations exist. Also a good rule of thumb is that the source solution tank volume should be three times the flow rate of the pump.

### **LIQUID LEVEL**

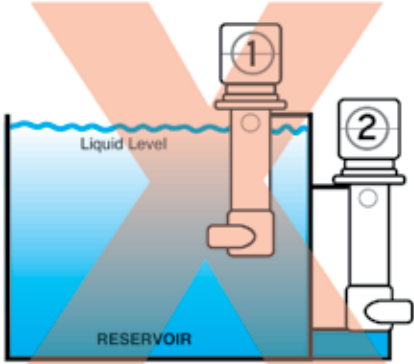
The correct liquid level is very important. A liquid level which is too high could cause motor damage. A liquid level that is too low, below the wear ring, may cause severe impeller damage, THIS PUMP CANNOT RUN DRY. CHECK THE LIQUID LEVEL. The correct liquid level is halfway between the bung hole and the centerline of the discharge nozzle.

### **PRIMING**

Under flooded conditions, open all the valves in the suction and discharge lines. Wait a few minutes to let entrapped air out. Throttle the discharge valve 2/3 closed. Leave suction valves wide open. A closed suction or discharge valve could cause damage to the impeller and the shaft. Start the pump and open the valve to the desired flow. Under non-flooded conditions, fill up the pump slowly from the T-connection and valve. See recommended installation. Then throttle the discharge valve 2/3 closed. Start the pump and continue as flooded conditions.

# Recommended Installation

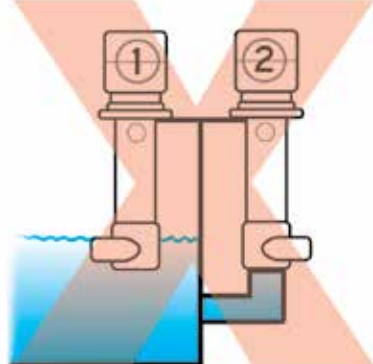
## High Liquid Level



**In Tank** - Solution may pour out of weep hole during operation

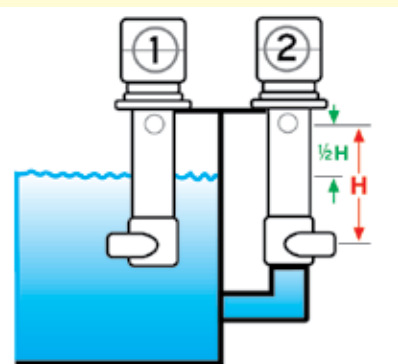
**Out of tank** - Solution will pour out of weep hole and may flood motor when not in operation

## Low Liquid Level



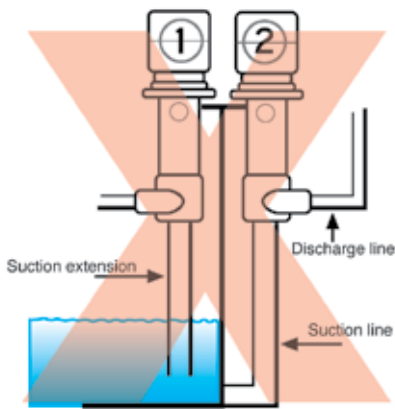
Non-flooded conditions. Pumps will not pump

## Recommended

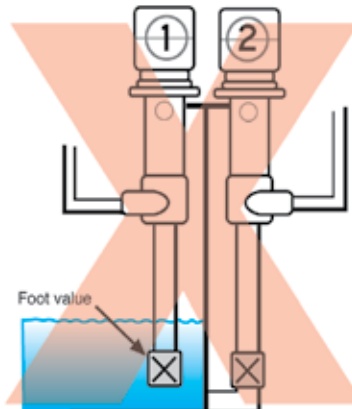


Liquid level halfway between discharge and weep hole

## Suction Level

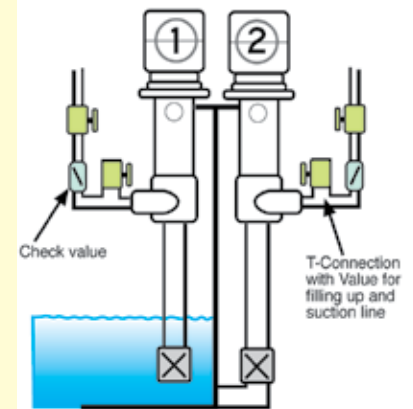


Solution level below impeller. Pumps will not pump



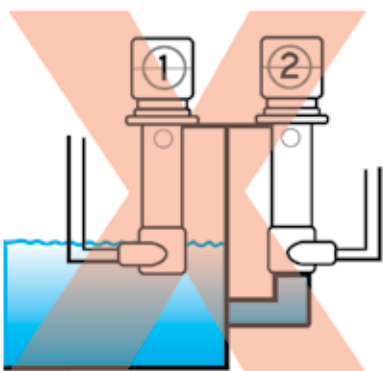
Check valves installed to maintain level. Not good to prime pumps

## Recommended



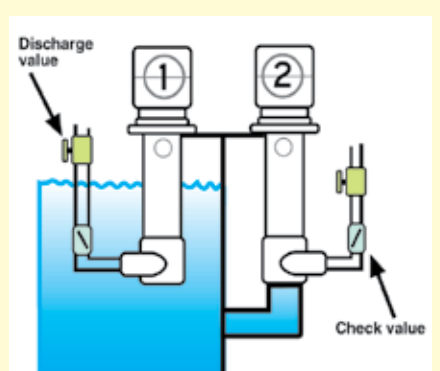
Solution level below impeller with priming tee. Check valve and throttling valve

## Suction Head

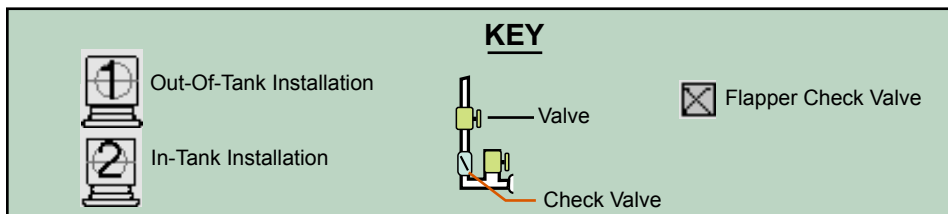


Solution level at impeller. No suction head available

## Recommended



Solution level above impeller. Suction head available



**Recommended installation for optimal performance and endurance.**

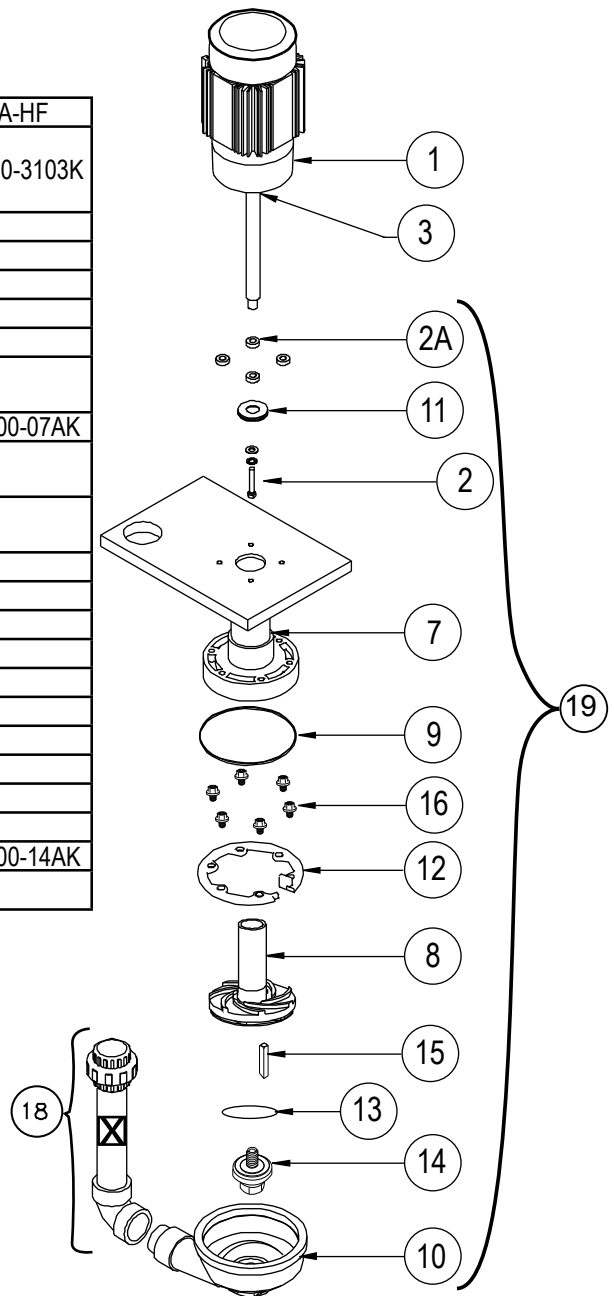
# PENGUIN

## Installation & Maintenance

### Spare Parts List - P-7 1/2A-HF, P-10A-HF, P-15A -HF

Item	Description	P-7 1/2A-HF	P-10A-HF	P-15A-HF
1	Motor/Shaft Ass'y phase - volt - cycle 3 208-230/460 50/60	PHF-712-3103K	PHF-1000-3103K	PHF-1500-3103K
1BS	Bearing Set		PHF-712-01BS	
1EF*	External Fan w/Set Screw		PHF-712-01EF	
1FC*	Fan Cover (w/Drip Shield)		PHF-712-01FC	
2	Motor Screw/Standoff Ass'y		PHF-712-05(4)	
3	V-Seal		PHF-712-02	
7A	Pump Housing Ass'y - CPVC		PHF-712-06A	
8	Impeller - CPVC	PHF-712-07AK	PHF-1000-07AK	PHF-1500-07AK
8V	Impeller Sleeve O-Ring - Viton		PHF-712-07AV	
8E	Impeller Sleeve O-Ring - EPR		PHF-712-07AE	
9V	Head O-Ring -Viton		PHF-712-11V	
9E	Head O-Ring -EPR		PHF-712-11E	
10	Head Ass'y - CPVC		PHF-712-10A	
11V	Lip Seal Ass'y-Teflon		PHF-712-13T	
12A	Snap Ring - CPVC		PHF-712-12A	
13V	Impeller Nut O-Ring - Viton		PHF-712-08V	
14A	Impeller Nut Ass'y - CPVC		PHF-712-09A	
15T	Shaft Key - Titanium		PHF-712-15K	
16A	Snap Ring Bolts - CPVC		PHF-712-16A(6)	
18A	Discharge Plumbing - CPVC		PHF-712-18A	
19A	Pump Head Ass'y - CPVC	PHF-712-14AK	PHF-1000-14AK	PHF-1500-14AK

\* Specify Motor Manufacturer



## RECOMMENDATIONS

Always make sure there is enough liquid in the reservoir and that the level is high enough, considering the capacity of the pump unit. Inadequate liquid will cause a vortex in the reservoir. A vortex occurs when air mixes from the surface into the fluid, which can disturb the flow and can also prevent the pump from priming. Therefore, a rule of thumb is to maintain a minimum of 2ft. of suction pipe submergence in order to prevent the formation of vortices. Suction pipe velocities should not exceed 5ft/sec. In cases where the pump is installed outside the reservoir, do not run against a closed discharge valve for more than 1 minute. This will cause overheating of the fluid in the pump and will damage the CPVC parts. Temperature in this case will increase up to 220 degrees. If the pump is being run against a closed discharge valve for a long duration of time, install a small bleed line back into the reservoir before the discharge valve of the pump. If the line is small, there is a minimum pressure loss. This prevents overheating by recirculating the fluid.

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### P-7 1/2A-HF thru P-15A-HF

#### DISASSEMBLY

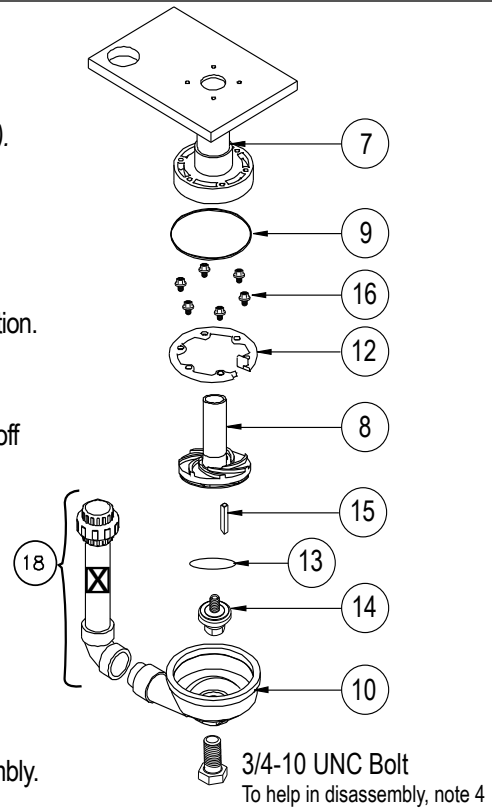
1. Unscrew and remove discharge piping. Remove the six (6) snap ring bolts (*Item 16*).  
Now the snap ring (*Item 12*) can be removed using a screwdriver or a pair of pliers.
2. With a rubber mallet, gently hit the back of the suction casing (*Item 10*).  
Alternating blows from one side to the other until the suction casing comes off.  
Suction casing O-ring can easily be replaced.
3. Unscrew the impeller nut using a 3/4 inch socket wrench in a counterclockwise rotation.  
Impeller nut O-ring can be replaced.
4. Thread a 3/4-10UNC bolt into the hole in the center of the impeller eye. Holding the impeller, using an appropriate wrench turn the bolt clockwise until the impeller slips off the shaft.

#### ASSEMBLY

1. Unscrew the fan cover screws and remove the fan, fan cover, and drip shield assembly.  
In order for the motor to stand on end, the fan shaft must be placed in a hole deep enough for it to sit flat on the end bell. With the motor in a vertical position, shaft upwards, place the four motor spacers over the motor bolt holes. Place housing over shaft, lining up motor bolt holes in the mounting bracket with holes in the motor. Be sure the slinger is properly in place. Screw the motor bolts into the holes beneath the mounting bracket in a diagonal sequence.  
Be sure motor screws are tight.
2. Using loctite or other type of thread-locker, secure key into keyway on shaft. Insert the impeller into the housing. Rotate to engage key and slide or lightly tap into place until it bottoms out. Do not hammer the impeller and sleeve down on the shaft. Screw the impeller nut clockwise holding impeller. Be sure impeller nut O-ring is properly in place.  
After hand-tight, turn with wrench 180 degrees (10-15 inch lbs).

#### DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN.

4. Place the pump upright resting on the motor. Look down into the housing and, while rotating the impeller, check to see that the impeller is centered. The impeller must not be touching the side of the housing.
5. Lubricate support casing and casing O-ring. Be sure casing O-ring is properly in place. Slide suction casing over support casing, lining up timing marks to assure proper fit. Using a soft mallet, tap suction casing down onto support casing until snap ring groove is exposed. Line up through holes in snap ring with the threaded holes in the support casing by rotating the snap ring clockwise. Insert and tighten the six (6) snap ring screws.



3/4-10 UNC Bolt

To help in disassembly, note 4

#### Assembly - Step 1

##### Motor Parts

